

	JUL		AUG		SEP		OCT		NOV		DEC		FERTILIZER (see Notes)
	1	15	1	15	1	15	1	15	1	15	1	15	
<b>IN CONTAINERS</b>													
Native, desert-adapted, ornamentals, and other non-edibles	*		*		*		*		*		*		1, 2
Cacti & Succulents	*		*		*		*		*		*		3
Edibles	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Roses	*		*		*		*		*		*		4
<b>IN THE GROUND</b>													
Native or desert-adapted													No fertilizer needed
Cacti & Succulents													No fertilizer needed
Citrus						*							5
Other Fruit & Nut Trees							*						6
Vegetables	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1, but do not fertilize potatoes.
Herbs (annuals)													No fertilizer needed
Herbs (perennials)					*								1
Herbs (basil)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Roses	*			*			*						4
Bermudagrass (not over-seeded)		*		*		*		*					7
Bermudagrass (over-seeded)		*		*		*						*	8

**NOTES:**

- 1 – Use a complete organic fertilizer such as compost, fish emulsion, liquid seaweed, alfalfa meal, coffee grounds, chicken manure, cow manure, etc. as directed.
- 2 – Use a balanced 10-10-10 inorganic fertilizer as directed.
- 3 – Use a complete organic fertilizer such as compost, fish emulsion, liquid seaweed, alfalfa meal, coffee grounds, chicken manure, cow manure, etc. at half strength or a balanced 10-10-10 inorganic fertilizer at half strength.
- 4 – Use a complete organic or inorganic fertilizer with greater amounts of nitrogen and phosphorus and a smaller percentage of potassium. Use at half strength (or not at all) during the summer.
- 5 – No fertilizer for the first two years after planting, then use a complete nitrogen-rich organic fertilizer such as compost, fish emulsion, liquid seaweed, alfalfa meal, coffee grounds, chicken manure, cow manure, etc. as directed. Use at half strength for grapefruit trees.
- 6 – Apply a thick layer of compost over the root zone in the spring and fall. Or consult expert resources for more specific fertilizer recommendations for individual trees.
- 7 – Use an Inorganic fertilizer in a 3-1-2 ratio (often found as 21-7-14) or a nitrogen-rich organic fertilizer, and apply a layer of organic mulch after fertilizing in April and August.
- 8 – Use an inorganic fertilizer in a 3-1-2 ratio (often found as 21-7-14) or a nitrogen-rich organic fertilizer. Do not fertilize from 6 weeks prior to seeding with ryegrass and until after the first mowing of ryegrass.